

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/511,830	02/23/00	HOLBROOK		D	W-3875
_	IM52/1022		コ		EXAMINER
Rodney K Worrel			HOEY.I	3	
Worrel & Wo	rrel			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
St Croix Professional Center 2109 W Bullard Avenue Suite 121 Fresno CA 93711-1258				1724	8
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

Application No. **09/511,830** 

Applicant(s)

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Betsey M. Hoey

Art Unit

1724

Holbrook

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -**Period for Reply** A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 1) X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 30, 2001 2b) This action is non-final. 2a) X This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213. **Disposition of Claims** -4)  $\bigcirc$  Claim(s) <u>1-4, 6-11, and 13-15</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above, claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) X Claim(s) 1-4, 6-11, and 13-15 is/are rejected. is/are objected to. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 8) Claims **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner. 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). a)  $\square$  All b)  $\square$  Some\* c)  $\square$  None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). Attachment(s) 18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

or

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4, A and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Richey et al. in "Improved Ozone Quenching With Calcium Thiosulfate". Richey et al. teach a method for treating water comprising disinfecting the water with ozone in a treatment system, wherein the system includes an ozone quenching system. In the ozone quenching system, an ozone quenching chemical is added directly to the water as it passes through the treatment system, in an amount to reduce the dissolved ozone concentration to non-detectable levels without reacting with chlorine added downstream to produce by-products. The untreated water provided to the treatment system of Richey et al. would not be potable without the treatment, and therefore may be considered as wastewater. Richey et al. teach that calcium thiosulfate has advantages as the ozone quenching chemical.
- 3. Claims 1, 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Wickramanayake (column 4, lines 47-52; column 9, lines 56-59). Wickramanayake teaches a method fro treatment of soils contaminated with organic pollutants. In this method of Wickramanayake, the work material is a gas mixture that has passed through soil; the target

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constituent is ozone; the treating agent is sodium thiosulfate; and the objective is to quench the ozone.

- 4. Claims 1, 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Hagen et al. (abstract; column 18, lines 47-61). In this method of Hagen et al., the work material is a fluid; the target constituent is an oxidant such as ozone; the treating agent is oxidant scavenger particulates which may be sodium thiosulfate particulates; and the objective is to remove the oxidant.
- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richey et al.

  Richey et al. disclose the method described above. The claim differs from Richey et al. by reciting a specific rate of calcium thiosulfate application to the water. It is submitted that one of ordinary skill in the art, when practicing the method of Richey et al., would have been expected to arrive at the optimum rate of calcium thiosulfate application by routine experimentation. In fact, Richey et al. disclose that the ozone quenching agent dose is a function of the ozone concentration in the water, and should be adjusted to reduce the dissolved ozone concentration without adding so much of the agent that the unoxidized agent would react with chlorine added downstream.

  Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the present invention was made, to have applied calcium thiosulfate to the water in the amount recited in

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instant claim 11, depending on the concentration of dissolved ozone in the water being treated, absent a sufficient showing of unexpected results.

- 7. Applicant argues that Richey et al. is not prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102 because the paper was presented on October 3, 2000. However, the Richey et al. paper states that calcium thiosulfate was used as an ozone-quenching agent at a water treatment plant in February of 1999. Therefore, this argument does not overcome the rejections over Richey et al. in the previous Office Action.
- 8. Applicant argues that Wickramanayake et al. only disclose a method for treating soil through which a gas-ozone mixture is passed, and that the present invention is entirely different. However, Wickramanayake et al. also disclose quenching ozone from gas using sodium thiosulfate in column 4, lines 46-53, which anticipates the method of instant claims 1, 2 and 6.
- 9. Applicant argues that the amendments to the claims distinguish the claims over the prior art of Daignault et al., Hagen et al., and Horn et al. The rejections over Daignault et al. and Horn et al. have been overcome by the amendments. However, the amendments do not overcome the rejection of Hagen et al., because claims 1, 2 and 6 are still anticipated by Hagen et al. for the reasons stated above in paragraph 4, and in the previous Office Action. The amendment to claim 1 simply incorporated the limitations of claim 5, and it is pointed out that claim 5 was rejected by Hagen et al. in the previous Office Action, and the Applicant has not set forth any specific reason or argument to overcome the Hagen et al. reference.

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10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to Applicant's disclosure.
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Betsey Hoey whose telephone number is (703) 305-3934. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 8:30 AM to 6:00 PM, and on alternate Fridays from 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. David Simmons, can be reached at (703) 308-1972. The fax phone number for official after final faxes for this Group is (703)305-3599, for all other official faxes the number is (703)305-7718, and for unofficial faxes the number is (703) 305-3602.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

Betsey M. Hoey October 22, 2001